### COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

\* \* \* \*

In the Matter of

THE APPLICATION OF THE SHARPSBURG WATER DISTRICT, OF BATH AND NICHOLAS COUNTIES, KENTUCKY, FOR (1) A CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY, AUTHORIZING AND PERMITTING SAID WATER DISTRICT TO CONSTRUCT A WATERWORKS CON-STRUCTION PROJECT, CONSISTING OF CASE NO. 8896 EXTENSIONS, ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS TO THE EXISTING WATERWORKS SYSTEM OF THE DISTRICT; (2) APPROVAL OF THE PROPOSED PLAN OF REFINANCING THE OUTSTANDING BONDS OF 1963 AND OF FINANCING OF SAID PROJECT: AND (3) APPROVAL OF THE INCREASED WATER RATES PROPOSED TO BE CHARGED BY THE DISTRICT TO CUSTOMERS OF THE DISTRICT

### ORDÈR

IT IS ORDERED That Sharpsburg Water District shall file an original and eight copies of the following information with the Commission by October 14, 1983:

- Detailed Income Statement for the test period showing all adjustments to specific revenue and expense accounts along with a pro-forma income statement.
- 2. Statement of the effect of the proposed rates upon the average consumer's bill.
- Description of each note outstanding giving date of issue, amount, date of maturity, interest rate.
- Description of each mortgage on property of applicant.
- schedule of present and proposed rates in comparative form.

- 6. Provide cost justification for the increased charges for tap-on fee and reconnection fee and new charges for meter deposit and delinquent account.
- 7. Provide a list showing the number of customers served or to be served by 1-inch and 2-inch meters. For present customers, provide the test year usage.
- 8. Provide a list showing the number of new customers anticipated to be served by each size meter and the usage level(s) used in the utility's projections.
- Provide a 12-month billing analysis for the test period prepared in accordance with the instructions in Appendix A attached hereto.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED That in the event the above information is not timely filed, the Commission may dismiss the case without prejudice absent a Motion for Extension of Time for good cause.

Done at Frankfort, Kentucky, this 23rd day of September, 1983.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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ATTEST:

### APPENDIX #

APPENDIX TO AN ORDER OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION IN CASE NO. 8775 DATED

### BILLING ANALYSIS

The billing analysis is the chart reflecting the usage by the customers as well as the revenue generated by a specific level of rates. A billing analysis of both the current and proposed rates is mandatory for analysis of a rate filing. The following is a step-by-step description which may be used to complete the billing analysis. A completed sample of a biling analysis is also included.

### a. Usage Table (Usage by Rate Increment)

Information needed to complete the usage table should be obtained from the meter books or other available usage records. The usage table is used to spread total usage into the proper incremental rate step. Initial recording of usage should be in 100 gallon increments. Where there are only a few very large users or contract customers, actual usage should be used. Usage between 0-100 gallons should be shown as 100, between 101-200 as 200, etc. The usages and customers are then combined for purposes of the usage table as follows:

Column No. 1 is the incremental steps in the present or proposed rate schedule for which the analysis is being made. Column No. 2 is the number of bills in each incremental rate step. Column No. 3 is the total gallons used in each incremental rate step. Columns Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 are labeled to correspond to the incremental rate steps shown in Column No. 1 and contains the actual number of gallons used in each incremental rate step.

Example for completing Usage Table is as follows:

Column No. 1 is incremental rate steps.

Columns No. 2 and 3 are completed by using information obtained from usage records.

Columns No. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 are completed by the following steps:

Step 1: 1st 2,000 gallons minimum bill rate level 432 Bills 518,400 gallons used All bills use 2,000 gallons or less, therefore, all usage is recorded in Column 4.

Step 2: Next 3,000 gallons rate level
1,735 Bills
4,858,000 gallons used
1st 2,000 minimum x 1,735 bills = 3,470,000
gallons - record in Column 4
Next 3,000 gallons - remainder of water over
2,000 = 1,388,000 - record in Column 5

Step 3: Next 10,000 gallons rate level
1,830 Bills
16,268,700 gallons used
1st 2,000 minimum x 1,830 bills = 3,660,000
gallons - record in Column 4
Next 3,000 gallons x 1,830 bills = 5,490,000
gallons - record in Column 5
Next 10,000 gallons - remainder of water over
3,000 = 7,118,700 gallons - record in
Column 6

Step 4: Next 25,000 gallons rate level
650 bills
15,275,000 gallons used
1st 2,000 minimum x 650 bills = 1,300,000
gallons record in Column 4
Next 3,000 gallons x 650 bills = 1,950,000
gallons record in Column 5
Next 10,000 gallons x 650 bills = 6,500,000
gallons - record in Column 6
Next 25,000 gallons - remainder of water over
10,000 gallons = 5,525,000 gallons - record
in Column 7

Step 5: Over 40,000 gallons rate level
153 bills
9,975,600 gallons used
1st 2,000 minimum x 153 bills = 306,000
gallons - record in Column 4
Next 3,000 gallons x 153 bills = 459,000
gallons - record in Column 5
Next 10,000 gallons x 153 bills = 1,530,000
gallons - record in Column 6
Next 25,000 gallons x 153 bills = 3,825,000
gallons - record in Column 7
Over 40,000 gallons - remainder of water over
25,000 = 3,855,600 gallons - record in
Column 8

Step 6: Total each column for transfer to Revenue Table.

### b. Revenue Table (Revenue by Rate Increment)

Revenue Table is used to determine the revenue produced from the Usage Table. Column No. 1 is the incremental rate steps in the rate schedule for which the analysis is being made. Column No. 2 indicates the total number of bills. Column No. 3 is the number of gallons accumulated in each rate increment (Totals from Columns 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of the above usage table). Column No. 4 is the rates to be used in determining revenue. Column No. 5 contains revenue produced.

Example for completing Revenue Table is as follows:

Complete Columns no. 1, 2 and 3 using information from Usage Table.

Complete Column No. 4 using rate either present or proposed.

Column No. 5 is completed by first multiplying the bills times the minimum charge.

Then, starting with the second rate increment, multiply Column No. 3 by Column No. 4 and total.

# Revenue from Present/Proposed Rates

Test Period from 1-1-81 to 12-31-81

### Usage by Rate Increment

### REVENUE TABLE

## Revenue By Rate Increment

	•			
\$92,094.10 Total Revenue		-		
	•			
2,891.70	.75	3,855,600		: 40,000 Callons
11,687.50	1.25	9,350,000		: 25,000 Gallons
30,297.40	2.00	15,148,700		t 10,000 Gallons
23, 217.50	2,50	9,287,000		t 3,000 Gallons
\$24,000,00	\$5.00 Min.	9.254.400	4.800	2.000: Hinimum Bill
Revenue	Rate	Gallons/MCF	Bills	
(5)	(£)	( <u>G</u> )	(2)	(E)